

Myth

Organic food is pesticide-free.

Myth

Chicken labeled "hormone-free" or "raised without hormones" is healthier than chicken without those labels.

Myth

GMOs can cause food allergies.

Myth

"Cage-free" and "free-range" mean the same thing.

Myth

Beef cattle are a major cause of greenhouse gas emissions.

Fact

Organic farmers can and do use pesticides, even some synthetic pesticides (which aren't naturally-derived). But fewer kinds of pesticides are approved for organic farming than conventional farming.

(source: https://findourcommonground.com/foo d-facts/organic-and-local-foods/)

Fact

The FDA prohibits using artificial growth hormones to produce chicken (or pork). So all the chicken or pork you buy was raised without hormones, regardless of the brand.

(source:https://findourcommonground com/food-facts/hormones-in-meatand-milk/)

Fact

Tests haven't found any allergens in the GMOs approved for human consumption. Plus, food safety standards call for checking new GMOs against all known allergens.

(source: https://sitn.hms.harvard.edu/flash/2015 /allergies-and-gmos/)

Fact

"Cage-free" means that hens were free to move around inside, but didn't necessarily spend time outside. "Freerange" means hens also had the option of going outside for part of the day.

> (source: https://unitedegg.com/eggterms/)

Fact

According to the EPA, methane emissions from beef cattle are only 1.8% of the U.S.' greenhouse gas emissions. The rest of the agriculture industry as a whole was responsible for an additional 6% of GHG emissions.

(source: https://www.beefresearch.org/resources/beefsustainability/fact-sheets/methane)

Myth

Natural pesticides are always less toxic than synthetic ones.

Myth

If meat isn't labeled "no antibiotics," it could have antibiotics in it.

Myth

GMOs are dangerous for people to eat.

Myth

"Free-range" and "pastureraised" mean the same thing.

Myth

It takes thousands of gallons of water to produce one pound of beef.

Fact

It depends on which pesticides you're talking about. Some natural pesticides, like copper sulfate, are more toxic than some synthetic ones. The same goes for some synthetic pesticides compared to some natural ones.

(source: https://blogs.scientificamerican.com/sc ience-sushi/organicmythsrevisited/)

Fact

Animals treated with antibiotics can't be processed until they've gone through a withdrawal period, to make sure any traces of antibiotics in their meat are below the FDA's safety standards. "Raised without antibiotics" is a more specific label indicating the farm never gave animals antibiotics, even if they were sick.

(source: https://findourcommonground.com/foo d-facts/antibiotics-and-animal-health/)

Fact

Major public health groups such as the World Health
Organization have stated that GMO foods are safe. And studies from the last two decades haven't found evidence that eating GMOs had any harmful effects.

(source: https://sitn.hms.harvard.edu/flash/2015 /will-gmos-hurt-my-body/)

Fact

Both labels refer to raising hens with some access to the outdoors. "Pasture-raised" generally means that hens also got most of their food from the grass and bugs they found outside.

(source: https://unitedegg.com/eggterms/)

Fact

Estimates of beef's water use vary widely depending on what region you're looking at and whether you count natural rainfall (which falls whether or not the land supports beef cattle). Some estimates actually go as low as 317 gallons of water per pound of beef.

(source:https://www.beefresearch.org/r esources/beef-sustainability/fact-